AFTER INTERMEDIATE WHAT? [CAREERS] PUBLIC SECTOR: Central Government Jobs

Central Government jobs are some of the well-paid and well cared for jobs in India. The Central Government administration is run in Hindi and English. Therefore the youth who want to make a career in Central government offices have to acquire proficiency in the said two languages. Besides, except in the case of the job relating to communication ability in the regional language , people from all over India are eligible and the job has All India transferability. The job is secure and pensionable .

Leave Travel concession is available all over India once in 2 years and to Home town once in 2 years in a block period of 4 years. Dispensaries and accredited Hospitals are available all over India to provide continuous services to the Central Government employees through the Central Government Health scheme.

Recruitment practices:

The <u>Union Public Service Commission (UPSC)</u> and the <u>Staff Selection</u> <u>Commission (SSC) (External website that opens in a new window)</u> are the two main agencies which carry out recruitment to services and posts under the Union Government through a strict selection process.

The <u>Union Public Service Commission (UPSC)</u> has been established under Article 315 of the Constitution of India. The major role played by the Commission is to select persons to man the various Central Civil Services and Posts and the Services common to the Union and States).

The <u>Staff Selection Commission (SSC)</u> is an attached office of the Department of Personnel and Training. The SSC makes recruitments to non-technical group 'C' and group 'B' non-gazetted posts in Ministries/ Departments, the attached and subordinate offices of the Government of India, the C.A.G, and the offices of the Accountant General.

Classification of Posts:

The civil service of the Central Government ,as against the military service , is organised into four groups, viz. Group `A' (which includes all- India Service) Group `B', Group `C' and Group `D'.

Such classification broadly corresponds to the rank, status and the degree of the level of responsibility attached to the posts. Group `A' posts carry higher administrative and executive responsibilities and include senior management positions in the ministries/departments and field organizations. The middle and junior levels of Group `A' along with Group `B' constitute middle management.

Group `C' posts perform supervisory as well as operative tasks and render clerical assistances in ministries and field organizations.

Group `D' posts are meant for carrying out routine duties.

The Central Services (Classification, control and Appeal) Rules, 1965 provide a concrete and specific criterion for classification of posts in terms of pay. Thus, posts carrying pay or scale of pay with a maximum of not less than 13500/- are categorised under Group `A'. Posts carrying a pay or scale of pay with a maximum of not less than Rs.9000/- but less than 13500/- are known as Group `B' posts. Civil posts with a maximum pay (or a scale of pay) over Rs.4000/- but less than Rs 9000./- are in Group `C'.

The rest of the posts are in Group `D'.

Ministries Of Central Government:

Ministry of Agriculture :--

- Department of Agriculture and Co-operation
- Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying
- Department of Food Processing Industries

Ministry of Atomic Energy :---

• Department of Atomic Energy

Ministry of Civil Aviation :----

- <u>Ministry of Civil Aviation</u>
- <u>Airports Authority of India (AAI)</u>
- Directorate General of Civil Aviation (DGCA)

Ministry of Coal:---

• Dept. of Coal

Ministry of Commerce and Industry:---

- <u>Ministry of Commerce and Industry</u>
- Department of Commerce
- <u>Department of Industrial Development</u>
- <u>Department of Supply</u>
- Secretariat for Industrial Assistance (SIA)

Ministry of Chemical and Fertilizers:---

- <u>Department of Chemicals and Petrochemicals</u>
- <u>Department of Fertilizers</u>

Ministry of Communications:---

- Department of Telecom
- Indian Postal Services

Ministry of Defence :---

• <u>Ministry of Defence</u>

Ministry of Environment and Forests:----

• Ministry of Environment and Forests

Ministry of External Affairs:---

- <u>Ministry of External Affairs</u>
- <u>Counsular Passport & Visa Division</u>

Ministry of Finance:---

- <u>Ministry of Finance</u>
- <u>Central Board of Excise and Customs</u>

Ministry of Health & Family Welfare :---

- <u>Ministry of Health & Family Welfare</u>
- Department of Indian Systems of Medicines & Homeopathy

Ministry of Heavy Industries & Public Enterprises :---

- Department of Mines
- Department of Heavy Industry
- Department of Public Enterprises

Ministry of Home Affairs:----

- <u>Ministry of Home Affairs</u>
- <u>Department of Official Language</u>

Ministry of Human Resource Development:---

- <u>Department of Education</u>
- Department of Women and Child Development

Ministry of Information and Broadcasting :---

• <u>Ministry of Information and Broadcasting</u>

Ministry of Information Technology :---

<u>Ministry of Information Technology</u>

Ministry of Labour :---

• <u>Ministry of Labour</u>

Ministry of Law, Justice and Company Affairs :---

• Ministry of Law, Justice and Company Affairs

Ministry of Mines & Minerals:--

• <u>Department of Mines</u>

Ministry of Non-conventional Energy Sources:---

<u>Ministry of Non-conventional Energy Sources</u>

Department of Ocean Development (DOD) :---

• Department of Ocean Development (DOD)

Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs :---

• <u>Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs</u>

Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pension :----

- Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pension
- Department of Administrative Reforms and Public Grievances

Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas :---

• Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas

Ministry of Power:---

• Ministry of Power

Ministry of Railways :---

• Ministry of Railways

Ministry of Road Transport and Highways:---

• Ministry of Road Transport and Highways

Ministry of Rural Development:--

• Ministry of Rural Development

Ministry of Science and Technology:--

- <u>Ministry of Science and Technology</u>
- Department of Biotechnology
- Department of Scientific and Industrial Research

Ministry of Small Scale Industries & Agro and Rural Industries :--

<u>Ministry of Small Scale Industries & Agro and Rural Industries</u>

Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment:--

• <u>Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment</u>

Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation:--

- Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation
- <u>Department of Statistics</u>
- Department of Programme Implementation

Ministry of Steel :--

<u>Ministry of Steel</u>

Ministry of Shipping:--

<u>Ministry of Shipping</u>

Ministry of Textiles:--

<u>Ministry of Textiles</u>

Ministry of Tourism :--

• <u>Ministry of Tourism</u>

Ministry of Tribal Affairs :--

• <u>Ministry of Tribal Affairs</u>

Ministry of Urban Development:--

• Ministry of Urban Development

Ministry of Water Resources:--

• Ministry of Water Resources .

Thus candidates can choose even the Ministry or Department of Central Government which they want to join. And prepare accordingly and appear for the relevant Exams or Interviews when the opportunity arises. It would be profitable to refer to the EMPLOYMENT NEWS Weekly every week.

Posts for which Direct Recruitment is held:

a) Through Central Employment Exchange New Delhi;

Posts of Technical and scientific nature carrying a basic pay of Rs. 1400/- or more per month ,occurring in establishments in respect of which the Central Government is the appropriate Government under the relevant Act and (b) vacancies which an employer may desire to be circulated to the Employment Exchanges outside the State or Union Territory in which the establishment is situated are notified to this Central Employment Exchange. The Central Employment Exchange ,which does not maintain any Live Register of job seekers, advertises these vacancies on behalf of the Employer at its cost and calls for applications from the eligible and willing candidates and advises them to submit the Applications directly to the Employer within a prescribed date.

Candidates having qualifications of technical and scientific nature, who are facing unemployment in their areas can benefit from such opportunities. They must keep a watch on the EMPLOYMENT NEWS tabloid every week.

b).Through Local Employment Exchanges:

Every State has got a network of Employment Exchanges at the District and sometimes ,even at the sub-District level. All types of candidates are registered by them, Live register of jobseekers maintained in order of seniority, and eligible and willing candidates sponsored to the indenting Employers in order of seniority , in 1:20 ratio, to be considered and tested or interviewed by the Employer who is the final authority in the matter of selection of the right candidate. His decision is final .Out of the 20 candidates sponsored, one is selected and 19 return to the Employment Exchange.

Usually lakhs of candidates are registered in an Employment Exchange; vacancies notified to it are very less and distantly placed; the no. that can be sponsored is also very less; hence, the system takes long time to afford any solid help to the job seekers and is usually cause for concern, despair and disappointment.

Besides. In 1996, the Supreme Court of India has declared that the practice of confining the recruitment to candidates sponsored by the Employment Exchange only, is unconstitutional; it prescribed that vacancies should be simultaneously advertised widely and applications from the eligible and willing candidates be called for and jointly considered by the Employer along with the list of candidates received from the Employment Exchange.

This judgment virtually finished off the exclusivity of Employment Exchange candidates and made them be treated as any other candidate. While the Exchange sponsored senior, old candidates, the open market threw up fresh candidates for recruitment, fresh blood, fresh knowledge, fresh enthusiasm to serve; naturally, the employers selected them; thus the Employment exchange candidates have been standing to loss. The number of Registration-seekers at the Employment Exchanges has consequently dwindled and fresh candidates are prefering direct ,open opportunities to contest for jobs only temporary, need-based posts in Group "C' are filled through the Employment Exchanges in Central Government offices. They are also advertised in the Press. One can see and apply on that basis.

c) Through Public Notification by Advertisement in Press:

Vacancies are filled in the Central Government offices at New Delhi or throughout India by the Employers or the Recruitment Agencies by advertising in the Press. Therefore candidates desirous of a job in the Central government offices should keep perusing the EMPLOYMENT NEWS weekly or major English dailies regularly. They can visit the local book stalls highlighting theses ads and selling blank application forms at major Bus Stations, Railway stations and central public places to know the latest central government vacancies advertized and their last date to apply.

d) Through Staff Selection Commission:

Brief History:*

The Estimates Committee of Parliament, in its 47th Report (1967-68), recommended the setting up of a Services Selection Commission for conducting examinations to recruit staffs for central government departments. *Government of India decided to constitute Subordinate Services Commission under an Executive Resolution in November, 1975. * It was renamed as Staff Selection Commission (SSC) on September 26, 1977.

Main Function of SSC:

The Staff Selection Commission now makes recruitment to Group B (Non-Gazetted) and non-technical group (c) posts in the Ministries/ Departments, attached and subordinate offices of the Government of India; the C&AG and its Accountant-General offices, Election Commission & Central Vigilance Commission.

INTRODUCTION:

The main responsibility of the Staff Selection Commission is to make recruitment to Group C (non-technical) & Group B (non-gazetted- both technical & non-technical) posts in departments of Government of India, its attached & subordinate offices except those for which recruitment is made by the Railway Recruitment Boards & Industrial Establishments. The Staff Selection Commission is also assigned the task of conducting Departmental Examinations for:--Promotion from Group D to LDC Grade, Promotion from LDC to UDC Grade and

Promotion from Stenographers Grade D to Stenographers Grade C besides holding Periodical Typewriting Tests in English & Hindi.

The Staff Selection Commission has a nationwide network of 9 Regional/Sub-regional Offices located at Allahabad, Bangalore, Chennai, Guwahati, Kolkata, Mumbai, New Delhi & Sub-regional offices located at Chandigarh & Raipur.

Main responsibilities of Staff Selection Commission's Regional/Sub-regional Offices include, inter alia, implementing the policies & programmes of the Commission, supervising & overseeing its field operations, liaisoning & establishing rapport with State Governments & their Departments, making arrangements for impartial & smooth conduct of examinations, assisting Interview Boards & servicing the Examination Centres within their area of jurisdiction.

- During 2005-2006, the Commission conducted 8 all-India open examinations & 3 Departmental Examinations.
- During 2005-2006, 15.7 lakhs candidates applied for the 8 all-India Open Examinations, 22968 applied for Selection Posts & 3275 applied for Departmental Examinations, conducted by the SSC. The Commission organized its major examinations through a network of 90 Examination Centres at 766 venues.
- During 2005-2006, the Commission nominated 3374 candidates for appointment to various posts through all-India open examinations, & 133 candidates were nominated against selection posts.

Organizational Structure:

The SSC is headed by a Chairman with 2 Members & a Secretary-cum-Controller of Examinations.

Regional Network:

The SSC has nine Regional/Sub-Regional Offices in different parts of the country. These Regional/Sub-Regional Offices are responsible for receipt & processing of applications for various examinations, issue of admit cards to the candidates, conducting the Interviews/PETs (wherever required) either at the Regional Headquarters or other major cities within the regions.

The jurisdiction of the various Regional/Sub-Regional Offices is as under:

S.No. Region Location Jurisdiction 1. Central Region Allahabad UP, Uttaranchal, Bihar & Jharkhand 2. Eastern Region West Bengal, Orissa, Sikkim, Andaman & Kolkata Nicobar Islands Northern Region New Delhi Delhi & Rajasthan 3. Western Region 4. Mumbai Gujarat, Maharashtra, Goa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu 5. Southern Region Chennai Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu & Pondicherry Kerala-Karnataka Region Bangalore Karnataka, 6. Kerala & Lakshadweep 7. North-Eastern Region Guwahati Arunachal Pradesh. Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland & Tripura Madhya Pradesh Sub-Region Raipur Madhya Pradesh & 8. Chhattisgarh North-Western Sub-Region Chandigarh J & Κ, Himachal 9. Pradesh, Haryana, Punjab & Chandigarh Examination Centres for North-Eastern Region (varying from exam to

exam):

Slno. State Examination Centre

- 1. Arunachal Pradesh Itanagar
- 2. Assam Guwahati, Dibrugarh , Silchar
- 3. Meghalaya Shillong
- 4. Manipur Imphal
- 5. Mizoram Aizwal
- 6. Nagaland Kohima
- 7. Tripura Agartala

The following is the time-table of the Staff Selection Commission Examinations for the Year 2014:-

S. No.	Name of Exam		Last Date for Registration	Exam Date
1	Multi Tasking (Non- Technical) Staff Exam 2014		06 th December 2013	16 th February 2014 & 23 rd February 2014
2	Combined Graduate Level Tier-I Exam 2014	18 th January 2014	14 th February 2014	27 th April 2014 & 04 th May 2014
3	Junior Engineer (Civil & Electrical) Exam	22 nd February 2014	21 st March 2014	25 th May 2014

CALENDER OF EXAMINATIONS:

4	Rectt. Of SI in CAPFs, ASI in CISF & SI in Delhi Police Exam 2014	15 th March	11 th April 2014	22 nd June 2014 (Paper-I) 21 st November 2014 (Paper-II)
5	Junior Hindi Translator in Subordinate Offices Exam, 2014	22 nd March 2014	18 th April 2014	08 th May 2014
6	Combined Graduate Level (Tier-II)			30 th August 2014
7	Stenographer Grade C & D Exam 2014	24 th May 2014	20 th June 2014	14 th September 2014
8	Combined Higher Secondary (10+2) Level Exam 2014	19 th July 2014	15 th August 2014	02 nd November 2014 & 09 th November 2014
9	Junior Translator (CSOLS)/ Junior Hindi Translator Exam 2014	0	05 th September 2014	07 th December 2014

Candidates are advised to visit the official website in case of any date change in any exam schedule. SSC will update dates on official web portal. The Intermediate passed candidates are eligible for the Combined Higher Secondary level Recruitment Exam only.

I. COMBINED HIGHER SECONDARY LEVEL EXAM OF STAFF SELECTION COMMISSION.

Combined Higher Secondary Level (10+2) Examination, 201Commission will hold a Combined All India Open Examination for recruitment to posts of Data Entry Operator and Lower Division Clerk for which 12thStandard Pass or equivalent is the minimum qualification.

The Examination will comprise of a Written Objective Type Examination followed by Data Entry skill Test / Typing Test .

FEE: RUPEES ONE HUNDRED ONLY(Rupeess100/-

CANDIDATES MAY SEND/SUBMIT APPLICATION IN PRESCRIBED FORMAT TO THE CONCERNED REGIONAL OFFICE OF SSC AS MENTIONED IN PARA-7 OF THE NOTICE OR APPLY ON LINE.

AGE LIMIT.: A candidate must have attained the age of 18 years and must not have attained the age of 27 years as on 01.08.2013, for Data Entry Operator and Lower Division Clerk (i.e. he/she must have born not earlier than 02.08.1986 and not later than 01.08.1995)

EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS:

(As on 01st Aug.of the year of Rectt). Must have passed 12thStandard or equivalent or higher examination from a recognised Board or University. SCHEME OF EXAMINATION: The examination will consist a Written

Examination and Skill Test for the post of Data Entry Operator and Written Test and Typing Test for the post of Lower Division Clerk on Computer.

SCHEME OF THE WRITTEN EXAMINATION AND SYLLABUS

The written examination will consist of one objective type paper as shown below :

NOTE: The Paper will consist of Objective Type-Multiple choice questions only. The questions will be set both English & Hindi for Part-I, III & IV.

There will be negative marking of 0.25 marks for each wrong answer Candidates are, therefore, advised to keep this in mind while answering the questions.

SYLLABUS:-

I.GENERAL INTELLIGENCE: 1. Semantic Analogy2.Symbolic operations

3.Symbolic/Number Analogy4.Trends5.Figural Analogy

6.Space Orientation 7.Semantic Classification8.Venn Diagrams

9.Symbolic/NumberClassification10.Drawing inferences

11.Figural Classification 12.Punched hole/pattern-folding & unfolding .

13.Semantic Series 14.. Figural Pattern

II.ENGLISH LANGUAGE: 1. Spot the Error2. Fill in the Blanks

- 3. Synonyms/Homonyms 4. Antonyms5. Spellings/Detecting Mis-spelt words
- 6. Idioms & Phrases7. One word substitution8. Improvement of Sentences
- 9. Active/Passive Voice of Verbs10. Conversion into Direct/Indirect narration

11.Shuffling of Sentence parts12.Shuffling of Sentences in a passage 13.Cloze

Passage 14.Comprehension Passage.

III.QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE: --

• ARITHMETIC C.1.1 Number Systems: Computation of Whole Number Decimal and Fractions Relationship between numbers C.1.2 Fundamental arithmetical operations: Percentages Ratio and Proportion Square roots Averages Interest (Simple and Compound) Profit and Loss Discount Partnership Business Mixture and Alligation Time and distance Time and work.

o ALGEBRA:

C.2.1 Basic algebraic identities of School Algebra (and their simple applications) e.g. Formulas for (a+b) 2,(a-b) 2, (a+b) 3 (a-b) 3, a3-b3, a3+b3, a2-b2; if a+b+c=0, then a3+b3+c3=3 abc etc. and Elementary surds (simple problems) C.2.2 Graphs of Linear Equations.

o GEOMETRY:

Familiarity with elementary geometric figures and facts:

C.3.1 Triangle and its various kinds of centres viz. Centroid, In-centre, Orthocenter, Circumcentre.

C.3.2 Congruence and similarity of triangles.

C.3.3 Circle and its chords, tangents, angles subtended by chords of a circle, common tangents to two or more circles.

o MENSURATION:

C.4.1Triangle, Quadrilaterals

C.4.2Regular Polygons (sum of the internal angles of a polygon)

C.4.3Circle

C.4.4Right Prism

C.4.5Right Circular Cone

C.4.6Right Circular Cylinder

C.4.7Sphere, Hemispheres

C.4.8Rectangular Parallelepiped

C.4.9Regular Right Pyramid with triangular or square Base.

o TRIGONOMETRY:

C.5.1Trigonometry (for acute angles 0 with 0≤0≤90) 12
Trigonometric ratios Degree and Radian Measures
Standard Identities like sin20 + Cos20 =1 etc.
C.5.2
Complementary Angles, Heights and Distances (simple problems only).

o STATISTICAL CHARTS : Use of Tables and Graphs: C.6.1Histogram C.6.2Frequency polygon C.6. -diagram C.6.4 Pie-chart.

IV. GENERAL AWARENESS:

Questions are designed to test the candidate's general awareness of the environment around him and its application to society.

Questions are also designed to test knowledge of current events and of such matters of everyday observation and experience in their scientific aspect as may be expected of an educated person.

The test will also include questions relating to India and its neighbouring countries especially pertaining to History, Culture Geography, Economic Scene, General policy scientific research.

The questions will be of the level commensurate with Educational Qualification prescribed for the posts.

(B) SKILL TEST for DATA ENTRY OPERATOR:

Data Entry Speed of 8,000 (eight thousand) Key Depressions per hour on Computer. The Speed of 8000 key depressions per hour on Computer" will be adjudged on the basis of the correct entry of words key depressions as per the given passage and the duration of the said Test will be 15 (Fifteen) minutes and printed matter in English containing about 2000-2200 strokes/key- would be given to each candidate who would enter the same in the Computer.

The "Data Entry Speed" Skill Test would be of qualifying nature Candidates allowed to take this test, will have to qualify the test at the prescribed speed on Computer, to be provided by the Commission or the agency authorized by the Commission to conduct such skill test at the Centre/venue so notified. Only those candidates who qualify in the written part of examination and secure at least minimum qualifying marks as may be fixed by the Commission in their discretion, will be eligible to take the Skill Test. Only such candidates who qualify in the Skill Test at a speed of not less than 8000 key depressions per hour will be eligible for being recommended for appointment as per their in the merit list. None of the candidates including PH candidates who qualify in the written part of the examination will be exempted from the Skill Test as passing of the skill test is a precondition and one of the essential appointment to the of Data Entry Operator.

II. SPECIAL CLASS RAILWAY APPRENTICES EXAMINATION OF UPSC:

SCRA Eligibility

Nationality A candidate must be either:

(a) A citizen of India, or

(b) a subject of Nepal, or

(c) a subject of Bhutan, or

(d) a Tibetan refugee who came over to India before 1st January, 1962 with the intention of permanently settling in India. or

(e) a person of Indian origin who has migrated from Pakistan, Burma, Srilanka, East African countries of Kenya, Uganda, the United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia, Malawi, Zaire, Ethiopia and Vietnam with the intention of permanently settling in India. Provided that a candidate belonging to categories (b), (c), (d) and (e) shall be a person in whose favour a certificate of eligibility has been issued by the Government of India.

Age Limits

• <u>A candidate must have attained the age of 17 years and must not have attained the age of 21 years.</u>

Educational Qualifications:

For admission to the examination, a candidate must have (any one of the following):

- First or second division, in the Intermediate or an equivalent
 Examination of a University or Board approved by the Government of India with Mathematics and atleast one of the subjects Physics and Chemistry as subjects of the examination.
- **Graduates** with Mathematics and atleast one of the subjects Physics and Chemistry as their degree subjects.
- First or second divsion, the **Higher Secondary** (12 years) Examination under 10 plus 2 pattern of School Education with Mathematics and atleast one of the subjects Physics and Chemistry as subjects of the examination
- Passed the first year Examination under the three year degree course of a university or the first examination of the three year diploma course in Rural Service of the National Council for Rural Higher Education or the third year Examination for promotion to the 4th year of the four year

B.A./B.Sc. (Evening College) Course of the Madras University with Mathematics and at least one of the subjects Physics and Chemistry as subjects of the examination provided that before joining the degree/diploma course he passed the Higher Secondary examination or the Pre-University or equivalent examination in the first or second division.

- Passed the first/second year examination under the three-years degree course in the first or second division with Mathematics and either Physics or Chemistry as subjects of the examination, provided the first/second year examination is conducted by a University
- Passed in the first or second division the Pre-Engineering Examination of a University, approved by the Government of India
- Passed in the first or second division the Pre-Professional/Pre-Technological Examination of any Indian University or a recognised Board, with Mathematics and at least, one of the subjects Physics and Chemistry as subjects of the examination conducted one year after the Higher Secondary or Pre-University stage
- Passed the first year examination under the five year Engineering Degree Course of a University, provided that before joining the Degree Course, he passed the Higher Secondary Examination or pre-University or equivalent examination in the first or second division.
- Passed the first year Examination of the five-year Engineering Degree Course in the first or second division may also apply provided the first year Examination is conducted by a University
- Passed in the first or second division the Pre-Degree Examination of the Universities of Kerala and Calicut with Mathematics and at least one of the subjects Physics and Chemistry as subjects of the examination.

III. NDA AND NA EXAM OF UPSC:

For Army Wing of NDA		12 th Class pass of the 10+2 pattern of school Education, or equivalent.	
	- Contraction of the second	12 th Class pass of the 10+2 pattern of school Education with Physics and Mathematics, or equivalent	

Candidates appearing at the 12th Class Examination are also eligible to compete. Such candidates will be required to submit the proof of passing the 12th Class Examination by a date to be specified in the Commission's Notice for the Examination.

(D) Scheme of Examination

Written Examination	1. Mathematics (Objective type)	300 Marks
	2. General Ability Test (Objective type)	600 Marks
	Total marks for written examination	900 Marks
Marks for SSB Interviews		900 Marks

These were the job opportunities for the intermediate passed candidates in the Central Givernment Establishments which fall under the PUBLIC SCTOR JOBS in our country.