

MS JUNIOR COLLEGE
Hyderabad

GUESS PAPER - 1
INTERMEDIATE 2nd YEAR
MATHEMATICS- IIB

Time: 3hours

Max.Marks:75

- I. i) Very Short Answer Type Questions. (10 x 2 = 20)
ii) Answer **ALL** questions.
iii) Each question carries **TWO** marks.
1. Find the centre and radius of the circle $\sqrt{1+m^2} (x^2 + y^2) - 2cx - 2mcy = 0$ ($c > 0$).
 2. Find the equation of the tangent of the point 30° of the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 4x + 6y - 39 = 0$.
 3. If the circles $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 + 2g'x + 2f'y = 0$ touch each other then show that $f'g = fg'$.
 4. Find the coordinates of the points on the parabola $y^2 = 2x$ whose focal distance is $5/2$.
 5. Find the equation of the hyperbola whose foci are $(\pm 5, 0)$, the transverse axis is of length 8.
 6. Evaluate $\int \frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{1 - \cos 2x} dx$.
 7. Evaluate $\int \frac{e^x(1+x)}{\cos^2(xe^x)} dx$.
 8. Evaluate $\int_0^\pi \sqrt{2 + 2\cos\theta} d\theta$.
 9. Evaluate $\int_0^{2\pi} \sin^2 x \cos^4 x dx$.
 10. Form the differential equation corresponding to $y = A \cos 3x + B \sin 3x$, where A and B are parameters.
- II. i) Short Answer Type Questions. (5 x 4 = 20)
ii) Answer any **FIVE** questions.
iii) Each question carries **FOUR** marks.
11. Find the length of the chord intercepted by the circle $x^2 + y^2 - x + 3y - 22 = 0$ on the line $y = x - 3$.
 12. If the straight line $2x + 3y = 1$ intersects the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ at the points A and B, then find the equation of the circle having AB as diameter.
 13. If the normal at one end of a latus rectum of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ passes through one end of the minor axis, then show that $e^4 + e^2 = 1$.
 14. Find the equations of the tangent and normal to the ellipse $9x^2 + 16y^2 = 144$ at the end of latus rectum in the first quadrant.
 15. Find the equation of the hyperbola whose foci are $(4, 2)$, $(8, 2)$ and eccentricity is 2.
 16. Evaluate $\int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/3} \frac{\sqrt{\sin x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} dx$.
 17. Solve: $\cos x \frac{dy}{dx} + y \sin x = \sec^2 x$.

III. i) Long Answer Type Questions.

(5 x 7 = 35)

ii) Answer any **FIVE** questions.

iii) Each question carries **SEVEN** marks.

18. Show that the four points (1, 2), (3, -4), (5, -6) and (19, 8) are concyclic and find the equation of the circle.

19. Find the transverse common tangents of the circles $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 10y + 28 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 + 4x - 6y + 4 = 0$.

20. Show that the equations of common tangents to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 2a^2$ and the parabola $y^2 = 8ax$ are $y = \pm(x + 2a)$.

21. Evaluate $\int \frac{\cos x + 3\sin x + 7}{\cos x + \sin x + 1} dx$.

22. Evaluate $\int \frac{2x + 3}{(x + 3)(x^2 + 4)} dx$.

23. Find the area enclosed by the curves $y = 3x$ and $y = 6x - x^2$.

24. Solve the differential equation $(2x + y + 1) dx + (4x + 2y - 1) dy = 0$.
